PAGE: 1 PRINT DATE: 02/11/97

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - NON-CIL HARDWARE NUMBER:M8-15S-E036 -X

SUBSYSTEM NAME: ECLSS - ARPCS

REVISION: 0

04/08/97

PART DATA

PART NAME
VENDOR NAME

PART NUMBER
VENDOR NUMBER

LRU

:VALVE, PURGE

CARLETON TECHNOLOGIES

MC250-0004-0015

B40583-1

EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS: CREW CABIN PURGE VALVE

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 1

ONE

FUNCTION:

ATTACHED TO THE INLET OF THE CREW CABIN PURGE ISO VALVE, THE PURGE VALVE PROVIDES CAPABILITY FOR PURGING CREW CABIN PRESSURE OVERBOARD AT CONTROLLED RATES DEPENDENT ON THE CREW SIZE. THE VALVE IS A BUTTERFLY VALVE THAT HAS EIGHT FLOW POSITIONS FIXED BY DETENTS IN THE ACTUATION MECHANISM. THIS VALVE IS MANUALLY OPERATED WITHIN THE CREW CABIN.

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS:

VS28-643001

V828-643222

M072-643401

PAGE 2 PRINT DATE: 02/11/97

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS FMEA - NON-CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: M6-188-E036-01

REVISION#: 0

04/08/97

SUBSYSTEM NAME: ECLSS - ARPCS LRU: VALVE, CREW CABIN PURGE

ITEM NAME: VALVE, CREW CABIN PURGE

CRITICALITY OF THIS
FAILURE MODE: 1R3

FAILURE MODE:

FAILS TO OPEN, RESTRICTED FLOW

MISSION PHASE:

OO ON-ORBIT

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY:

103 DISCOVERY

104 ATLANTIS

105 ENDEAVOUR

CAUSE:

CORROSION, CONTAMINATION, PHYSICAL BINDING/JAMMING, EXCESSIVE VIBRATION, MECHANICAL SHOCK, MATERIAL DEFECT, FATIGUE

CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

REDUNDANCY SCREEN

A) PASS

B) PASS

C) PASS

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

A)

B)

C)

METHOD OF FAULT DETECTION:

INSTRUMENTATION - LOSS OF VENTING OF PRESSURE TO OUTSIDE WHEN CREW CABIN PURGE ISO VALVE AND ECLSS BAY VACUUM VENT ISO VALVE ARE OPEN. PHYSICAL OBSERVATION - VALVE DOES NOT OPEN WHEN MANUALLY OPERATED.

CORRECTING ACTION: MANUAL

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - NON-CIL FAILURE MODE
NUMBER: M8-198-E036-01

CORRECTING ACTION DESCRIPTION:

CREW COULD REMOVE VALVE AND ALLOW CREW CABIN VENTING TO BE ACCOMPLISHED USING THE CREW CABIN PURGE ISO VALVE AND ECLSS BAY VACUUM VENT ISO VALVE. IN THE EVENT ONE OF THESE VALVES FAIL TO OPEN OR BECOME CLOGGED CREW CAN PERFORM THE FOLLOWING IFM TO PURGE CREW CABIN.

WITH 576 BULKHEAD HATCH OPEN CREW COULD UTILIZE THE EXTERNAL AIRLOCK DEPRESS VALVE OR ONE OR BOTH EQUALIZATION VALVES ON THE EXTERNAL AIRLOCK AFT HATCH (WHEN NO PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) OR ONE OR BOTH EQUALIZATION VALVES ON THE TUNNEL ADAPTER "C" HATCH (WHEN PRESSURIZED PAYLOAD IS INSTALLED) TO VENT PRESSURE (FROM CREW CABIN AND ODS) OVERBOARD. ADDITIONAL CAPABILITY TO VENT PRESSURE IS AVAILABLE WHEN ORBITER AND SPACE STATION ARE NOT DOCKED BY THE USE OF ONE OR BOTH EQUALIZATION VALVES ON EXTERNAL AIRLOCK UPPER HATCH.

REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

VALVE IS ONLY UTILIZED TO CONTROL THE RATE AT WHICH PRESSURE WITHIN THE CREW CABIN IS VENTED OUTBOARD. IT IS SCREWED INTO THE INLET OF THE CREW CABIN PURGE ISO VALVE AND CAN BE REMOVED BY A CREW MEMBER IN A PRESSURIZED SUIT. A FILTER, PROVIDED WITHIN THIS VALVE, WILL HELP SCREEN OUT CONTAMINATES.

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

LOSS OF FUNCTION - VALVE CANNOT BE USED TO CONTROL VENTING OF CREW CABIN PRESSURE OVERBOARD.

(B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

NO EFFECT UNTIL CREW CABIN VENTING IS REQUIRED. THEN USE OF CONTINGENCY ACTION TO PERFORM VENTING WOULD RESULT IN AN INCREASED USE OF CONSUMABLES.

(C) MISSION:

NO IMMEDIATE EFFECT. FAILURE TO REMOVE CONTAMINANTS FROM CREW CABIN AIR COULD RESULT IN EARLY MISSION TERMINATION.

(D) CREW, VEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

NO EFFECT UNTIL SMOKE, EXCESSIVE OXYGEN, OR OTHER TOXIC FUMES ARE PRESENT IN THE CREW CABIN. THEN LOSS OF ALL CREW CABIN VENTING CAPABILITIES COULD JEOPARDIZE THE SAFETY OF THE CREW.

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

FIRST FAILURE (PURGE VALVE FAILS TO OPEN OR CLOGGED) - NO EFFECT SINCE THIS VALVE CAN BE REMOVED IN FLIGHT.

PRINT DATE: 02/11/97

PAGE: 4

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) — NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M8-188-E036-01

SECOND FAILURE (CREW CABIN PURGE ISO VALVE OR ECLSS BAY VACUUM VENT ISO VALVE FAILS TO OPEN OR CLOGGED) - INABILITY TO VENT CREW CABIN PRESSURE OVERBOARD USING VACUUM VENT LINE.

THIRD FAILURE (EXTERNAL AIRLOCK DEPRESS VALVE FAILS TO OPEN) - INABILITY TO DEPRESSURIZE EXTERNAL AIRLOCK FOR VENTING OF CREW CABIN AND ODS PRESSURE OVERBOARD WITH 576 BULKHEAD HATCH OPEN.

FOURTH FAILURE (FIRST EQUALIZATION VALVE ON AN OUTSIDE HATCH FAILS TO OPEN) - NO EFFECT OTHER THAN VENTING TIME INCREASED WHEN USING A SINGLE EQUALIZATION VALVE TO VENT PRESSURE OVERBOARD.

FIFTH FAILURE (SECOND EQUALIZATION VALVE ON AN OUTSIDE HATCH FAILS TO OPEN) - LOSS OF ALL CREW CABIN AND ODS PRESSURE VENTING CAPABILITIES. NO EFFECT UNTIL A HAZARDOUS CONTAMINATION EXISTS.

SIXTH FAILURE (FAILURE RESULTING IN THE PRESENSE OF A TOXIC/HAZARDOUS MATERIAL WITHIN THE CREW CABIN) - THEN INABILITY TO REMOVE THIS HAZARDOUS/TOXIC CONTAMINATION FROM THE CREW CABIN COULD POTENTIALLY RESULT IN LOSS OF CREW, - CRITICALITY 1R3 CONDITION.

DESIGN CRITICALITY (PRIOR TO DOWNGRADE, DESCRIBED IN (F)): 1R3

(F) RATIONALE FOR CRITICALITY DOWNGRADE:
NONE. ALL WORKAROUNDS HAVE ALREADY BEEN CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING THE
CRITICALITY OF THIS FAILURE MODE.

- TIME FRAME -

TIME FROM FAILURE TO CRITICAL EFFECT: DAYS

TIME FROM FAILURE OCCURRENCE TO DETECTION: SECONDS

TIME FROM DETECTION TO COMPLETED CORRECTING ACTION: MINUTES

IS TIME REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT CORRECTING ACTION LESS THAN TIME TO EFFECT? YES

RATIONALE FOR TIME TO CORRECTING ACTION VS TIME TO EFFECT: CREW HAS ENOUGH TIME TO REMOVE VALVE OR UTILIZE OTHER DEPRESS/ EQUALIZATION VALVES TO DEPRESSURIZE CREW CABIN BEFORE PROBLEM BECOMES CATASTROPHIC.

HAZARD REPORT NUMBER(S): ORBI 044

HAZARD(S) DESCRIPTION: UNKNOWN GASEOUS CONTAMINATION LEVELS IN CREW CABIN.

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - NON-CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M8-1SS-E036-01

- APPROVALS -

SS & PAE

DESIGN ENGINEER

M. W. GUENTHER

: K. J. KELLY